

The Role of sCO₂ in the Global Energy Transition

the perspective of turbomachinery OEMs

Lorenzo Toni, PhD

Senior Team Leader

Compressor & Expander Technology Development

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Something About Me



I am currently Compressors Development Leader within centrifugal compressors and turbo-expanders New Product Development department at Baker Hughes.

I'm leading the technology development team for centrifugal compressors, reciprocating compressors, radial expanders and bearings design, both for conventional portfolio and energy transition applications.

Prior the current role I have been Technical Leader for Compressors, Team Leader for Aerodynamic and Aeromechanic design, Senior Engineer for Aerodynamics and Test and Data Analysis Engineer in GE Oil & Gas and Baker Hughes.

I hold a PhD in Energy Engineering and a MSc in Mechanical Engineering



We take energy

We are Baker Hughes, an energy technology company. Together, we're making energy safer, cleaner, and more efficient for people and the planet.

Energy for today and tomorrow

The energy sector is changing, faster than ever before. The energy trilemma—solving for energy security, sustainability, and affordability—is rebalancing our priorities and creating a new path forward for the industry. We believe we can meet those objectives together.

forward

We take energy forward – making it safer, cleaner, and more efficient for people and the planet

Baker Hughes is committed to reducing our emissions by 50% by 2030 and net-zero by 2050

28%

Reduction in Scope 1 & 2 GHG emissions vs. 2019

We are bringing our core technology capabilities to lead in the energy transition and enable a decarbonization path for energy and industry

26%

Baker Hughes electricity comes from renewables or zero-carbon sources, up 2% YoY

We are taking energy forward by delivering the highest efficiency productivity outcomes for broader energy and industry

Investing in low carbon energy technologies enabling customers' emissions reduction

We take energy forward – making it safer, cleaner, and more efficient for people and the planet

- ✓ sCO₂ is part of BH energy transition strategy
- ✓ BH is involved in several projects dealing with sCO₂

28%

Reduction in Scope 1 & 2
GHG emissions vs. 2019


















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Reduction in Scope 1 & 2
GHG emissions vs. 2019

Investing in low carbon
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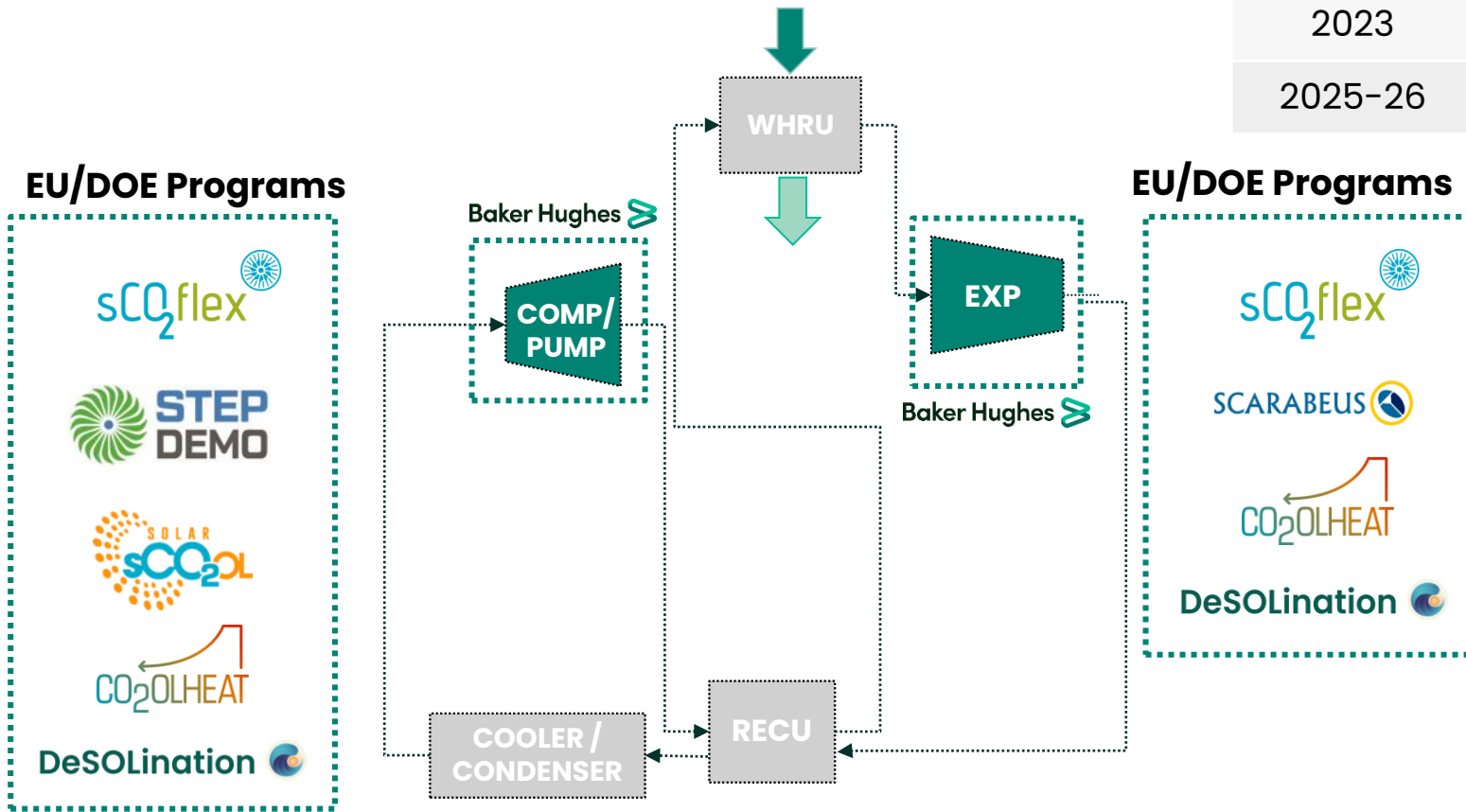
BH – sCO₂ Programs Summary

Externally Heated Power Cycles

Project	Region	Objective	Application	BH scope	Status	Plant output (MWe)	Plant max T (°C)
		WHR from Industrial exhaust gases	Waste Heat to Power	Compressor & HP Turbine Design Compander mfg & Test	In Progress	2-25	360 - 720
APOLLO		WHR from gas turbine exhaust	Waste Heat to Power	Impeller	In Progress		
		sCO ₂ tech. for utility scale conventional PP (gas-fired)	PowerGen	Compressor Design, Mfg, Type 2 Test	Test on site in progress		
		sCO ₂ tech. for utility scale conventional PP (gas-fired)	PowerGen	Compressor Design, Mfg, Test in actual condition Expander Deign	Completed 		
		Pilot thermal Energy Storage for CSP	CSP	Compressor, Mfg & Test	In Progress		
DeSOLination 		sCO ₂ tech for CSP to improve efficiency of desalination plant	CSP	Pump	In Progress		
SCARABEUS 		sCO ₂ blends definition to improve CSP cycle eff. @ambient T>40°C	CSP	Design pump & turbine	Completed 	Design only	
sCO₂-4-NPP		Consultancy for turbomachinery design under Nuclear regulation	Nuclear	Design compressor & turbine	Completed 		

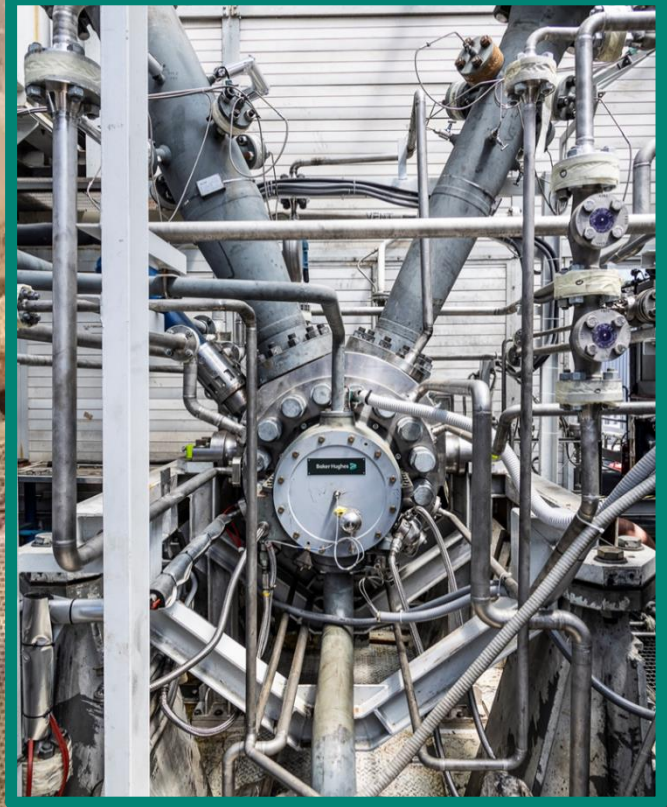
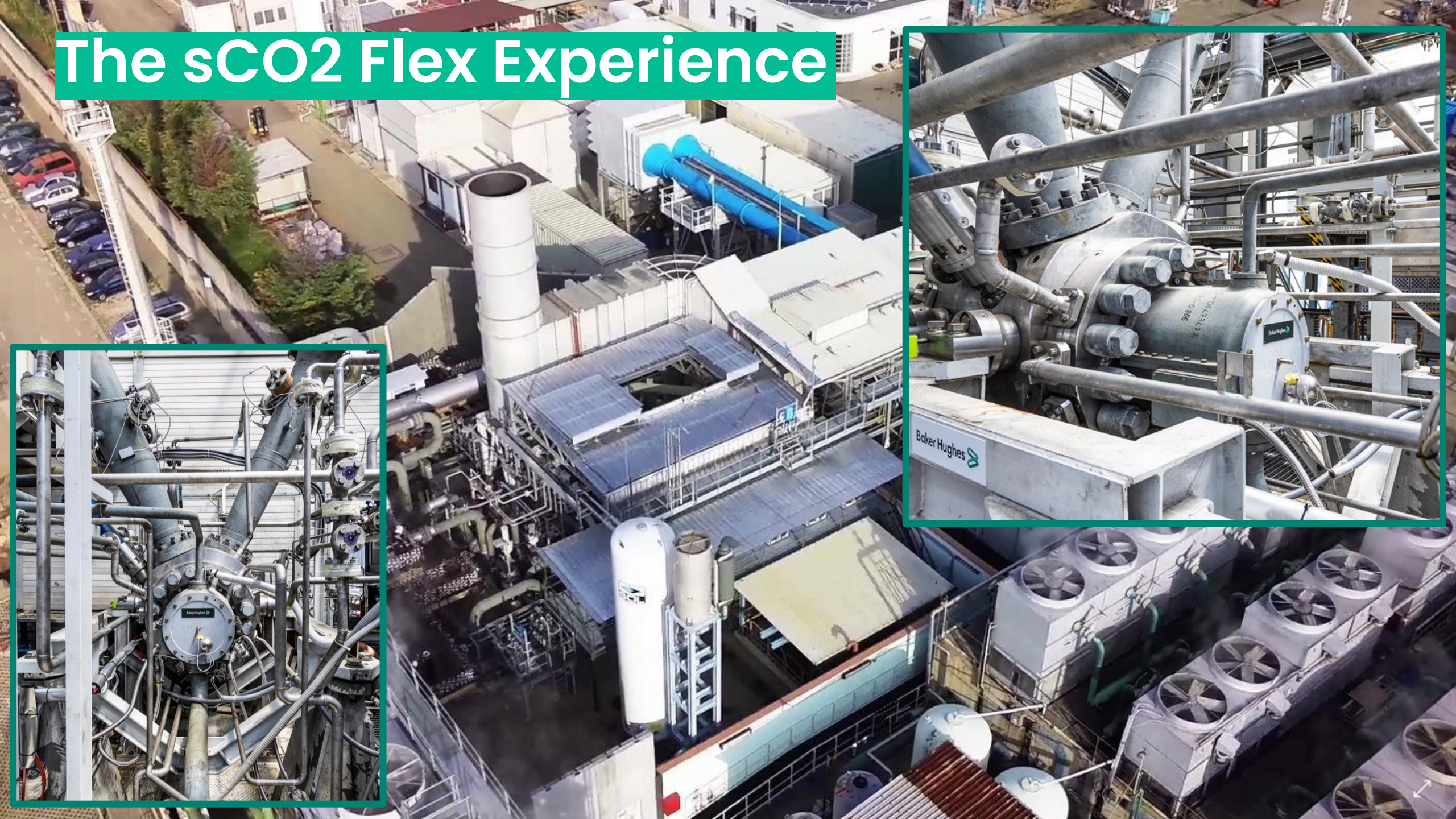
Ongoing R&D Programs BH Engagement Overview

	Compressor		Turbine
	BCL	SRL	RAD/AX
2023	TRL6	TRL5	TRL3
2025-26	TRL7	TRL7	TRL7



Developed know-how to provide **complete plants solutions**

The sCO₂ Flex Experience



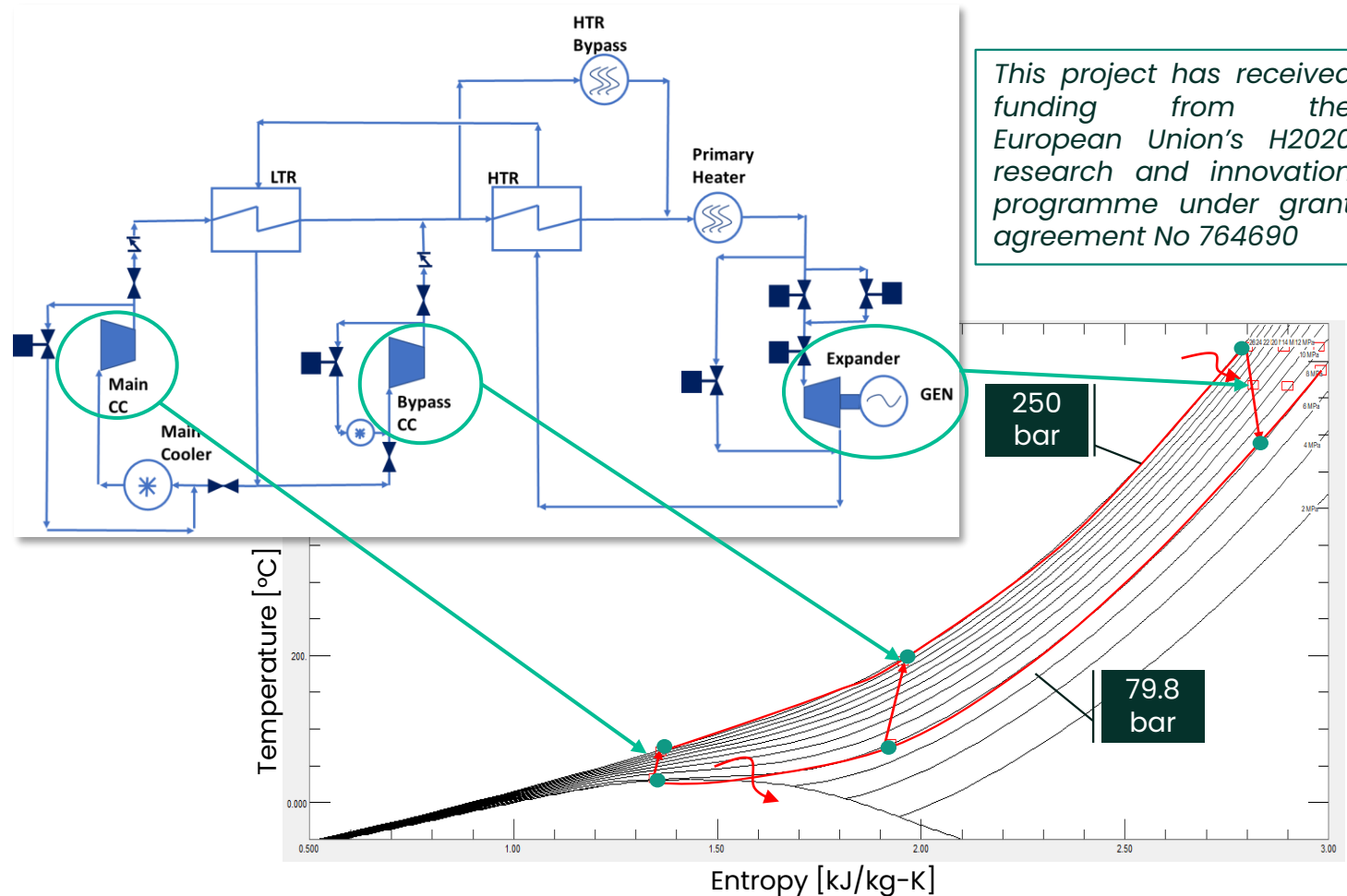
Cycle Overview

Project Objective

- Make fossil fuel-based **electricity production flexible** to foster **integration of renewable energy sources minimizing water consumption, reducing GHG emissions with highly flexible (20-100%)** and **efficient** power plants

How

- Brayton cycle in closed-loop, supercritical CO₂ as working fluid and recompression layout

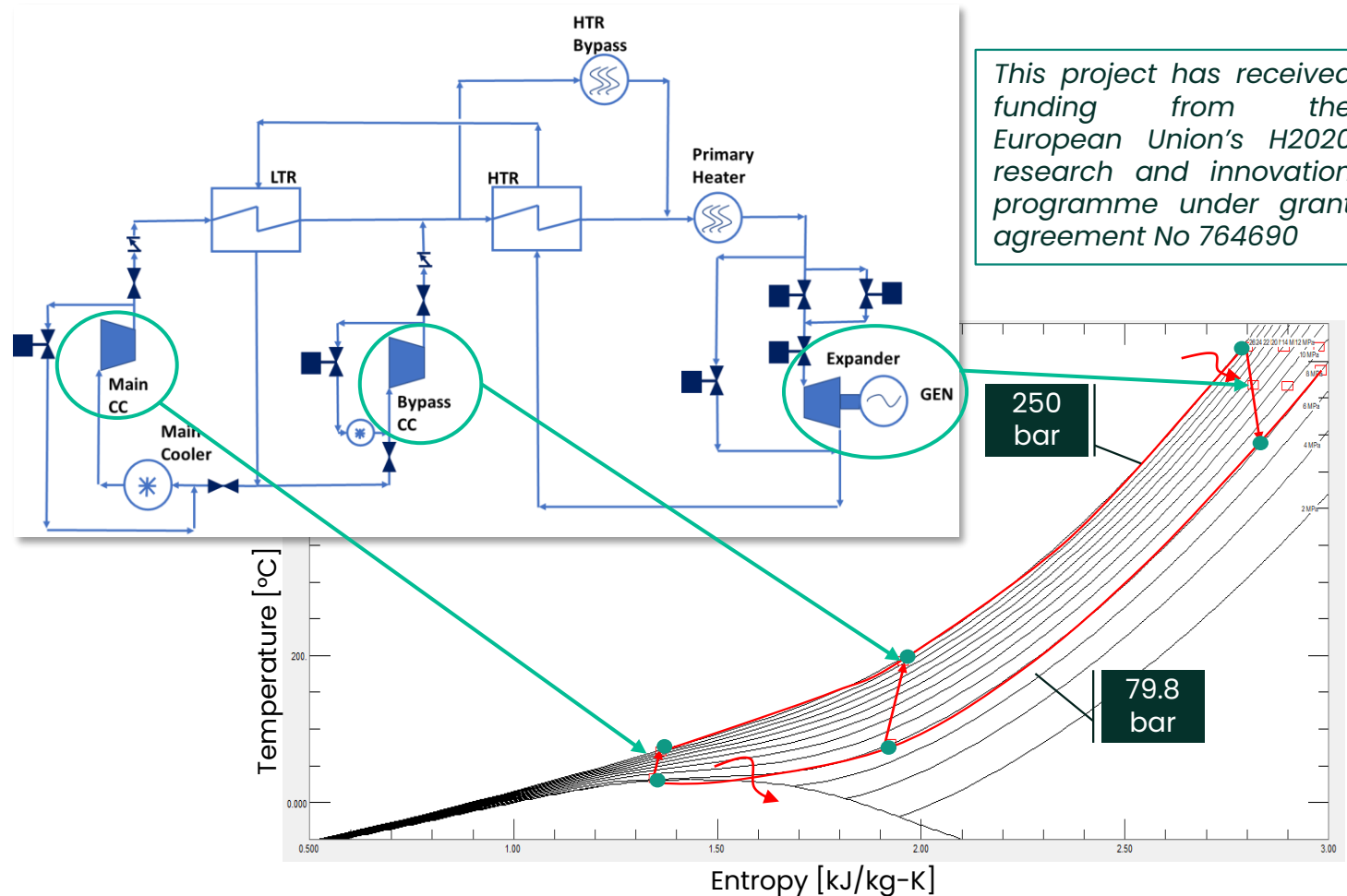


Design and Testing of a 5MW Supercritical CO₂ Centrifugal Compressor

Cycle Overview

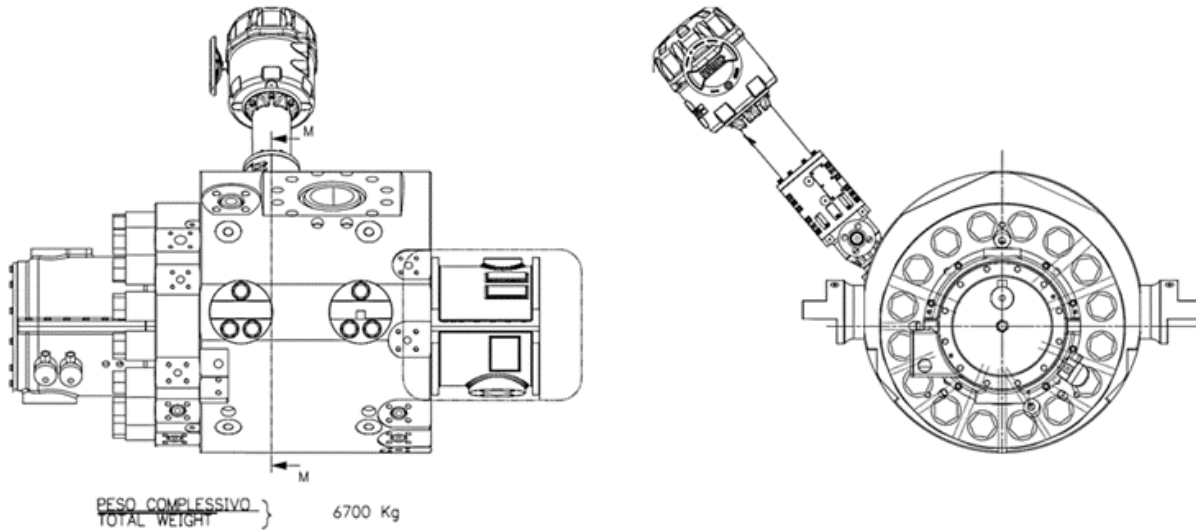
Baker Hughes main deliverables

- ✓ **Design** of compressors and one turbine expander
- ✓ **Test** of prototype compressor working close to CP
- ✓ Plant **simulation** in design and off-design condition
- ✓ Cost-effectiveness of the project



Design and Testing of a 5MW Supercritical CO2 Centrifugal Compressor

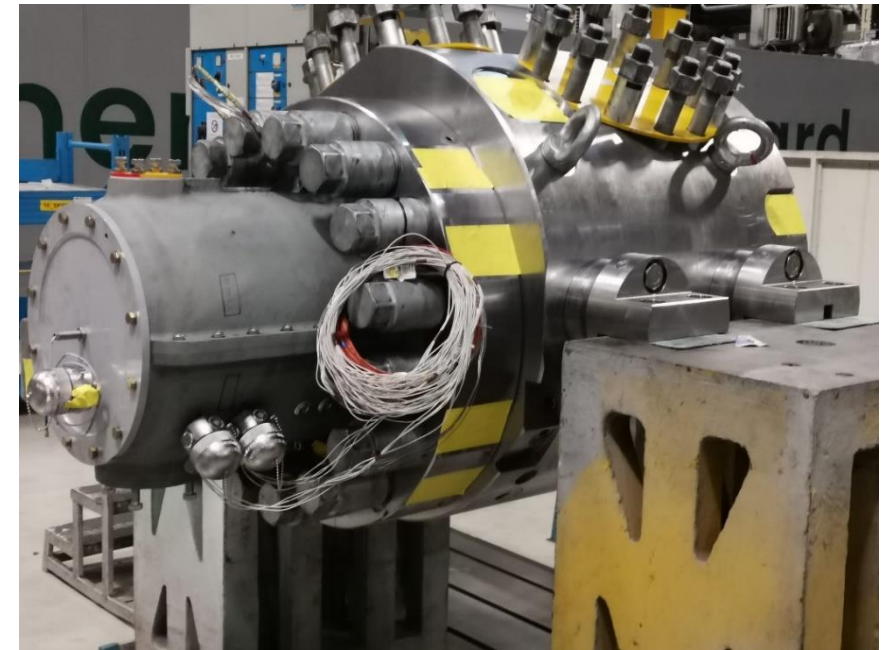
Compressor: Architecture



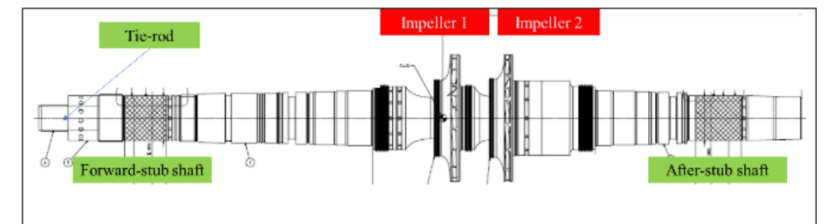
Main CC - Prototype

Design Features

- **Barrel type compressor** with and studded process flange
- First stage impeller **new design** to handle with sCO₂
- **Variable flapped IGV** at compressor suction
- **Stacked rotor** with friction coupling and **integral diaphragm**
- **PDS** used on balance drum

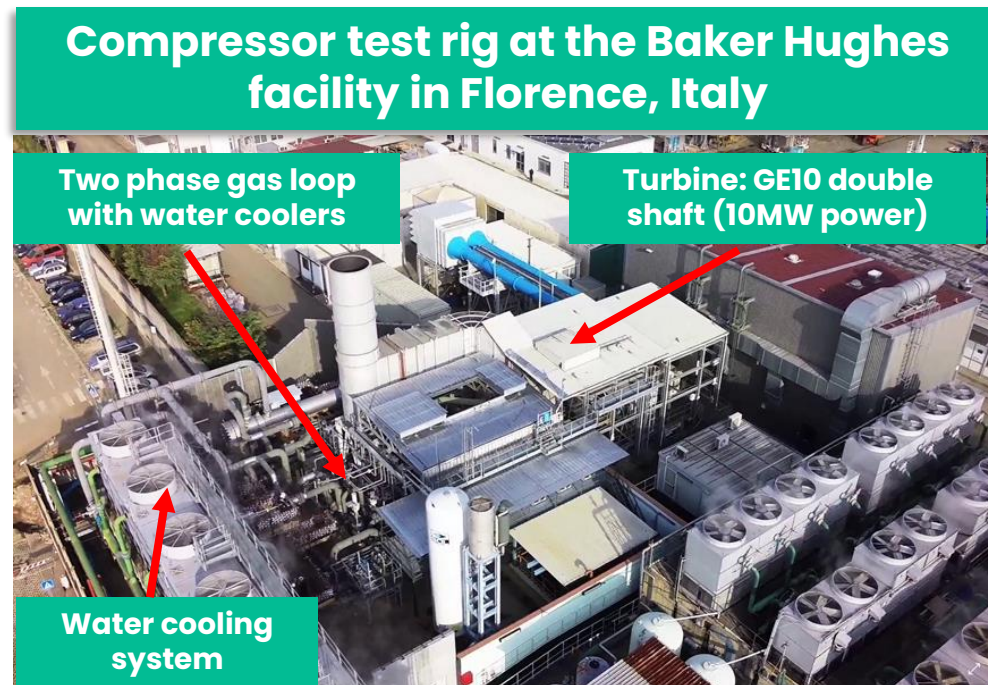


CC DATA	
Compressor Model	BCL/B
Bearing span [mm]	1127
Rotating speed [rpm]	11400
JB diameter [mm]	90
Rotor weight [kg]	150
Compressor weight [kg]	6700



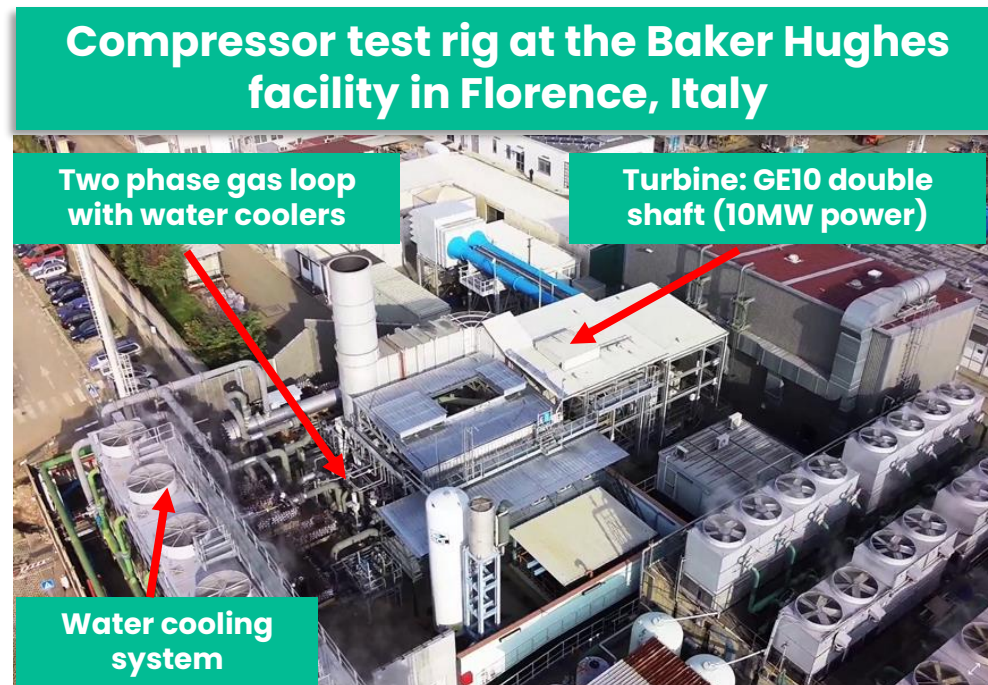
sCO₂ Testing

- Test performed at Turbomachinery Testing Laboratory (TTL), at Baker Hughes, Florence
- 5.4 MW centrifugal compressor prototype
- Closed-loop test rig, with gas turbine as driver and a bypass loop for temperature control



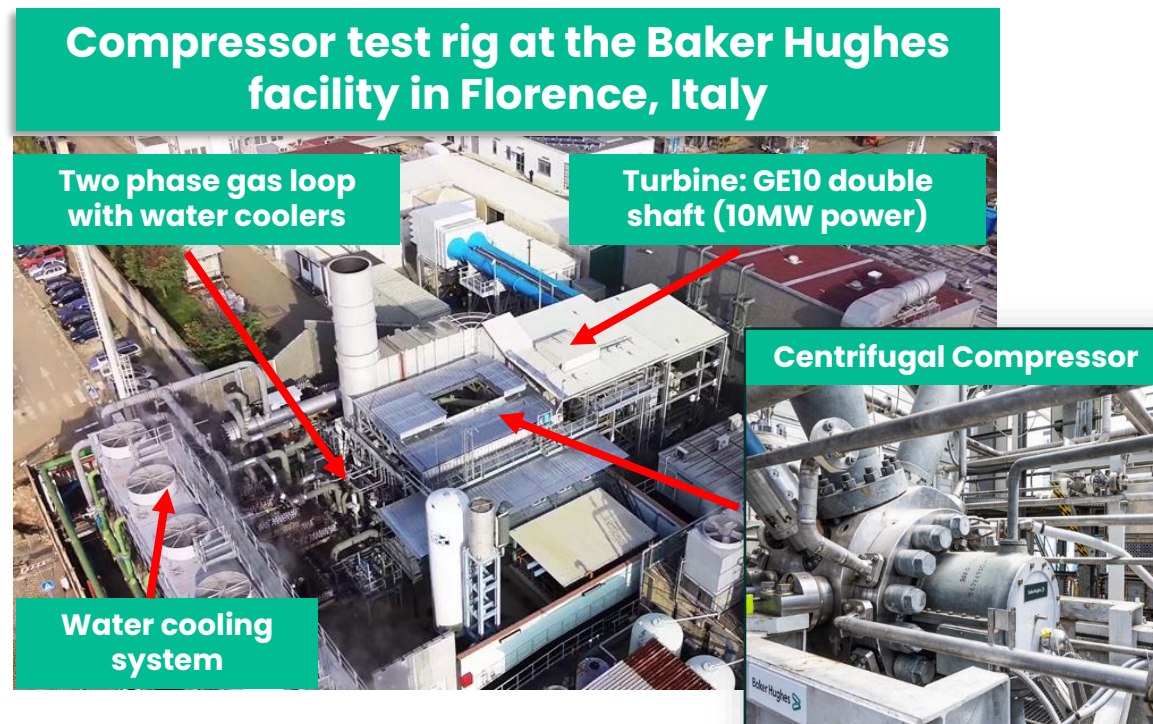
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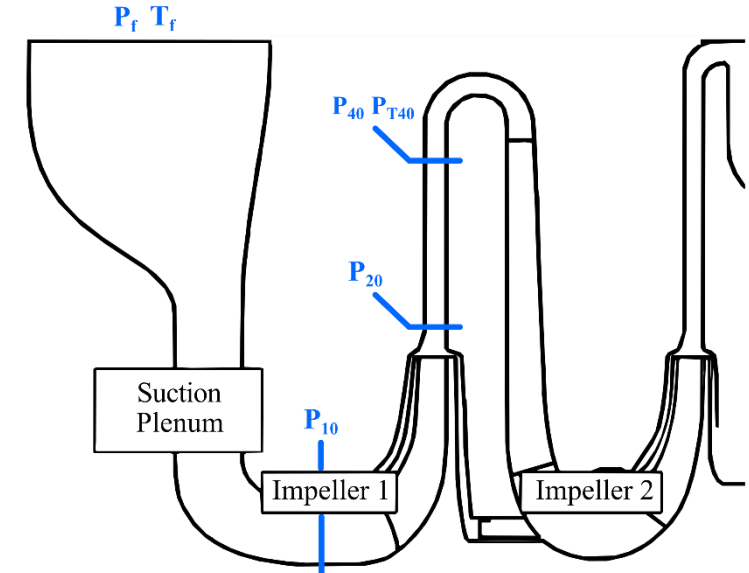
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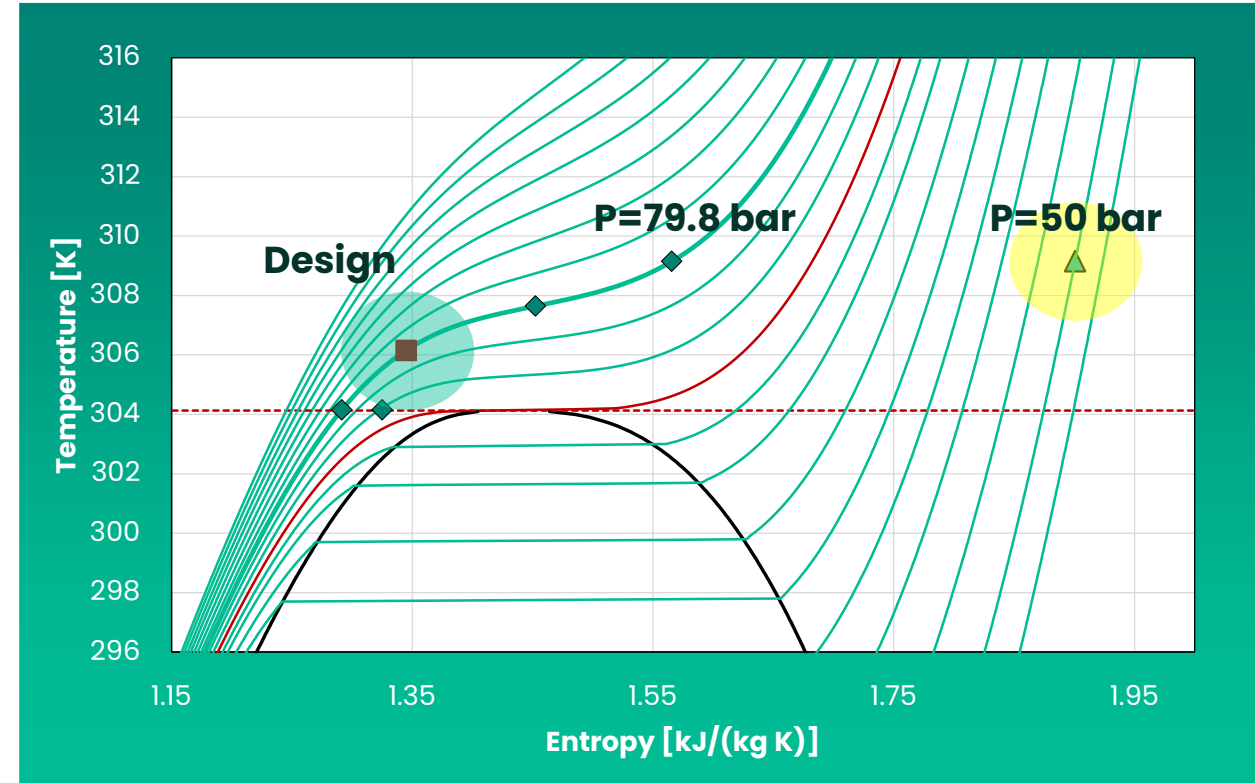
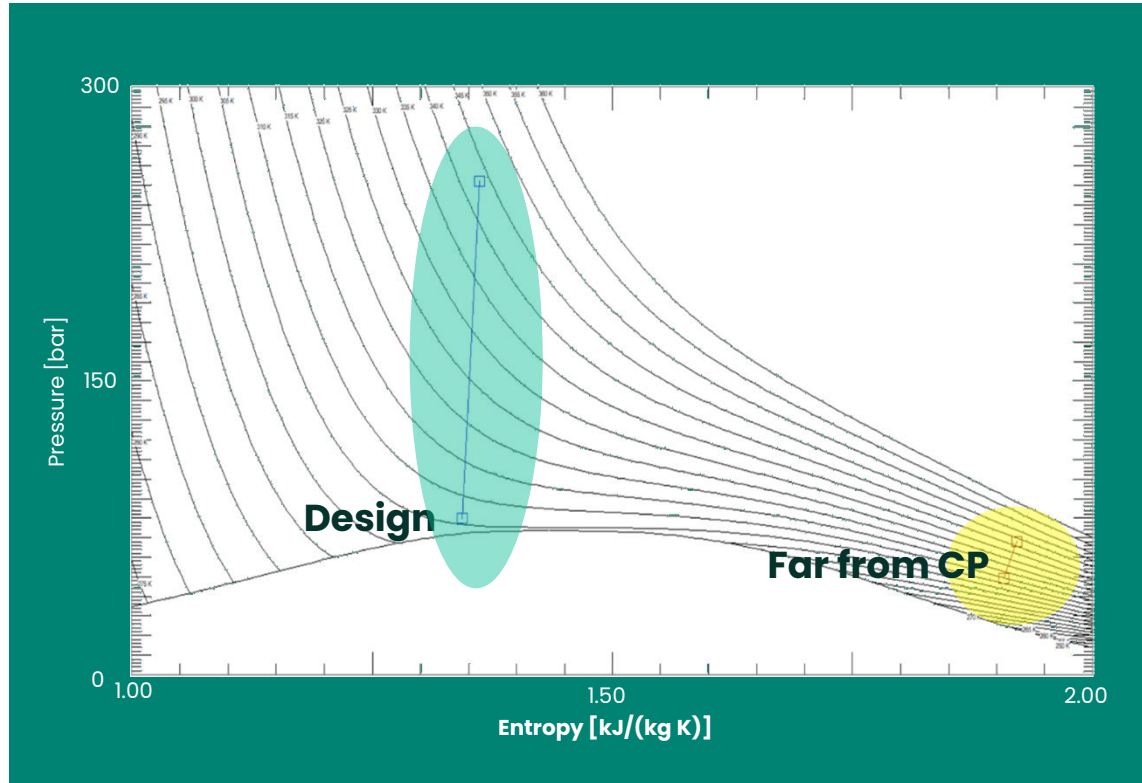
Instrumentation

Section	Instrumentation
Inlet Flange	P_{tot} T_{tot}
Impeller Inlet – Sec 10	P_{stat}
Diffuser Inlet – Sec 20	P_{stat}
Diffuser Outlet – Sec 40	P_{tot} T_{tot}
Outlet Flange	P_{tot} T_{tot}



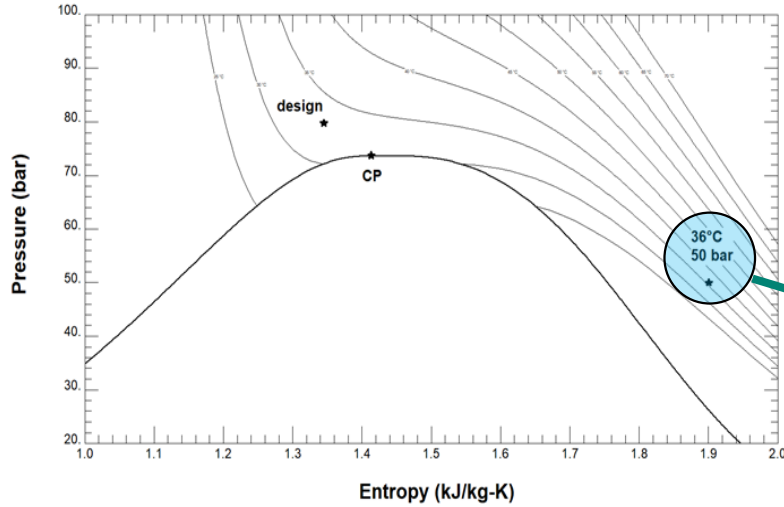
sCO₂ Test Matrix

- Design validation with inlet conditions far from critical point, 36 °C & 50 bar
- Compressor Map at Design conditions, 33 °C & 79.8 bar
- Compressor Map at Different inlet temperature/pressure in the close to CP region
- Compressor Maps with different IGV positions
- Machine has been run for totally 125 hours, along different testing days.

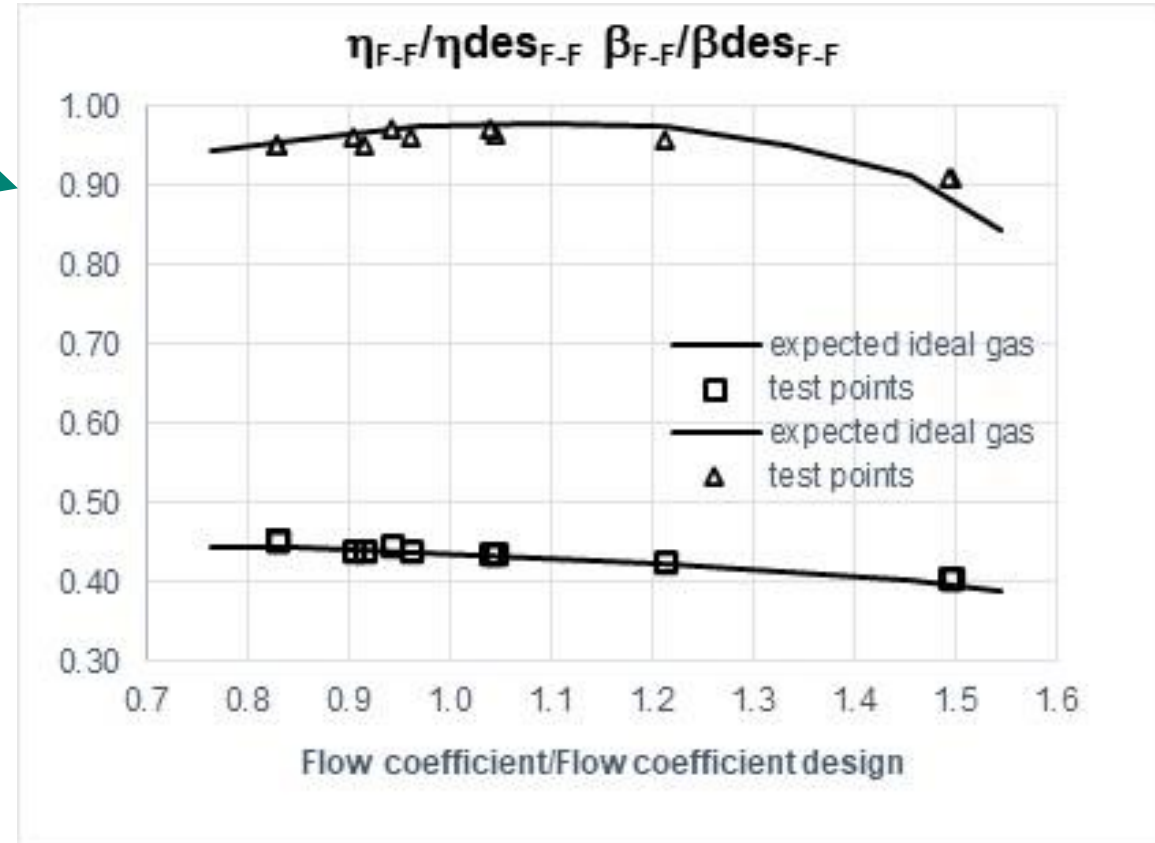


Test Results: Performance @ 50 bar

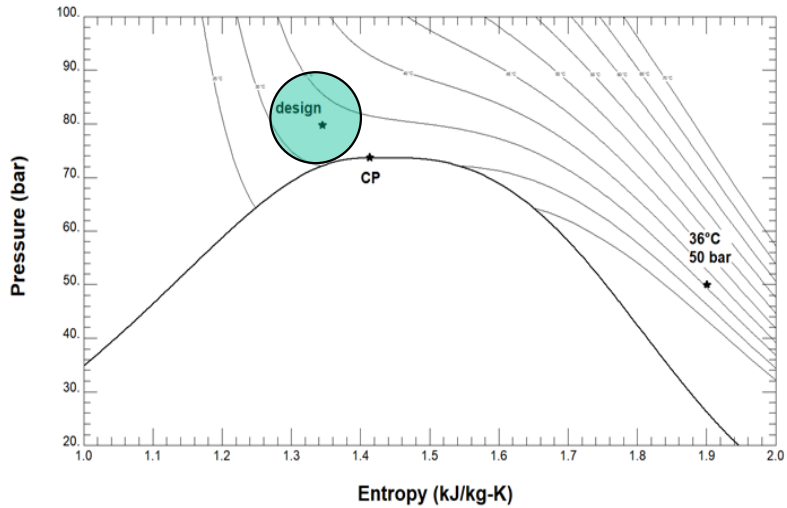
Far from Critical Point



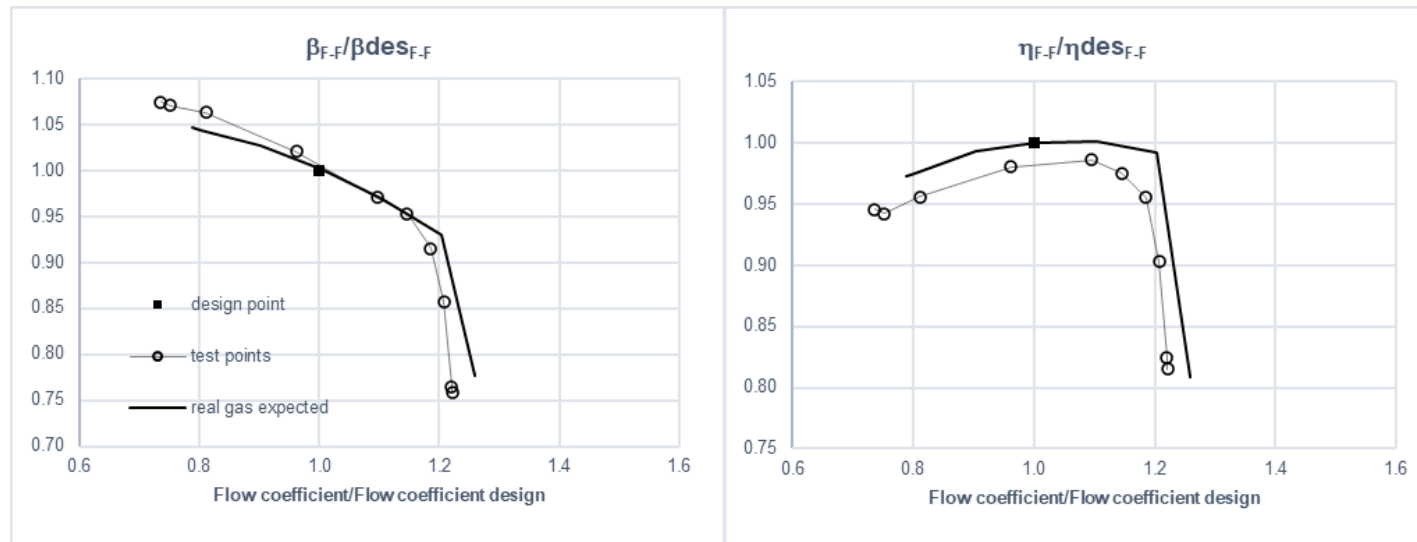
Experimental results are in good agreement predicted performance



Test Results: Performance @ 79.8 bar (design point) Close to Critical Point



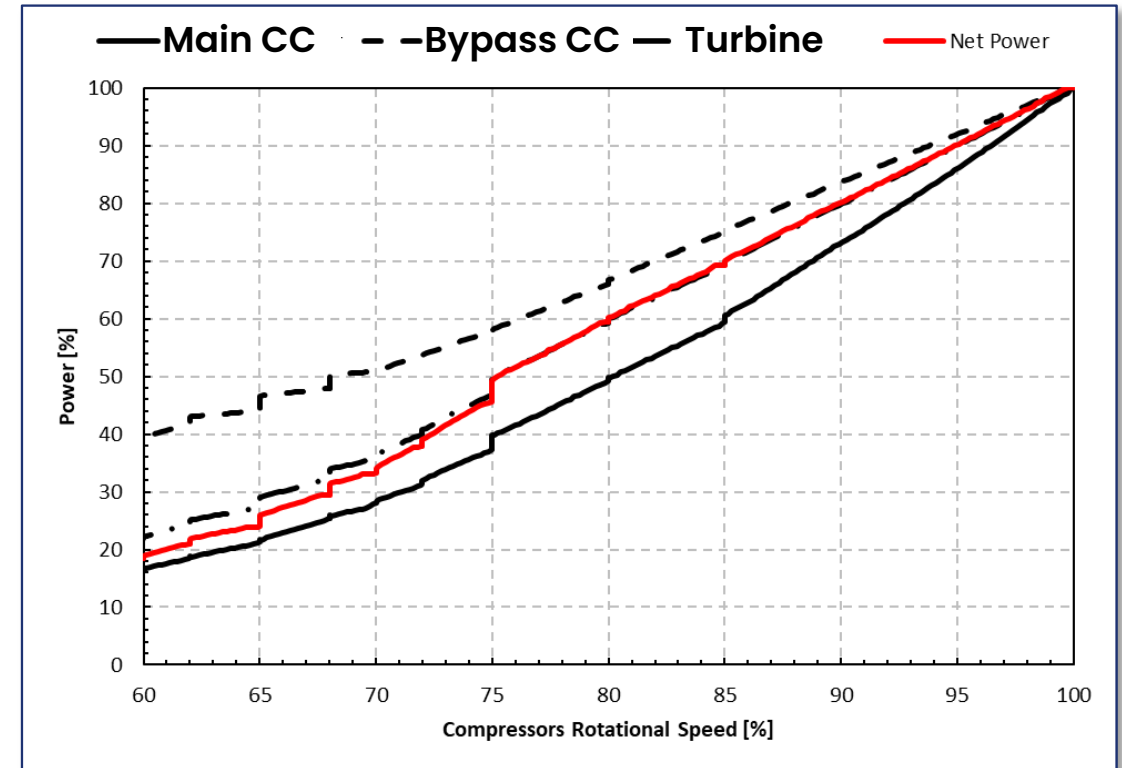
- At design condition compressor performance in line with expected: the barotropic HEM formulation matches the prediction of right limit
- Shape of efficiency and pressure ratio curves are closely reproduced
- The real-gas exhibits a sharp drop in performance connected to choked operation that is coherent with experimental data
- Overall pressure ratio: 3.1



Further Highlights 1 of 3

Partial Load Operation

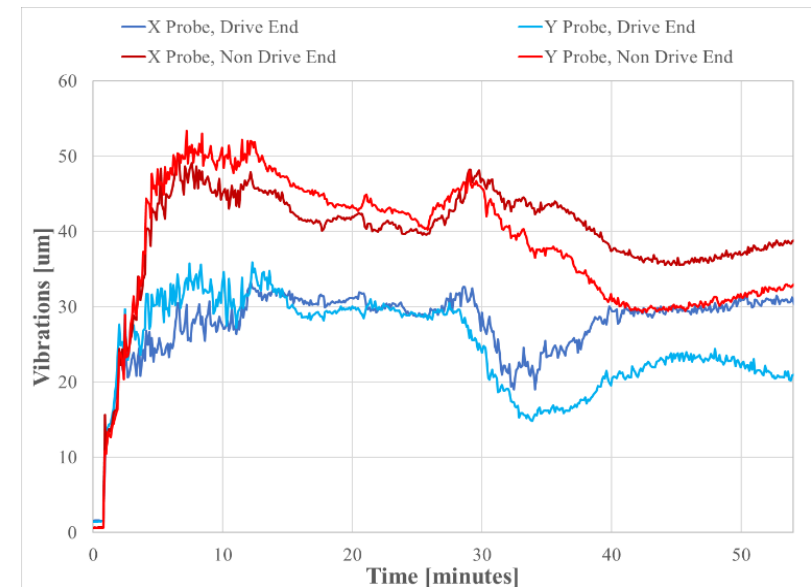
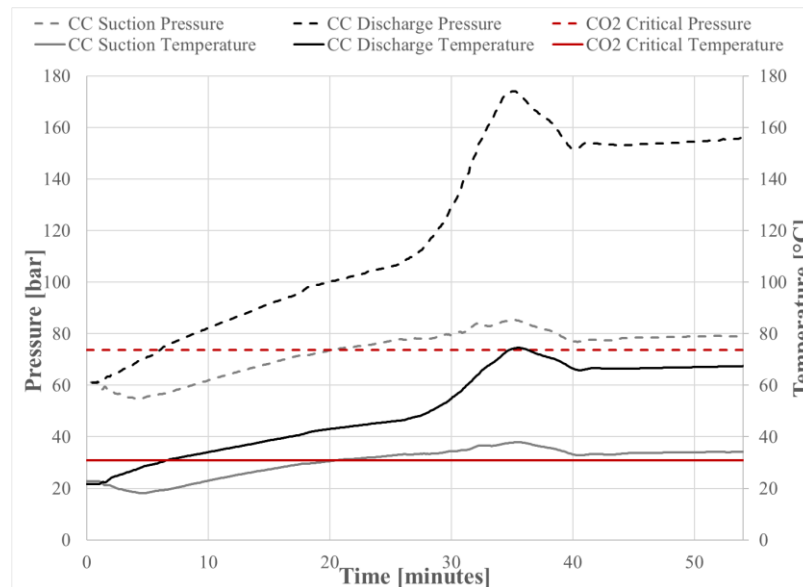
- Guarantee large power flexibility to the system: 20% and 100% of nominal power
- 100% - 50% reduction achievable acting on speed of the compressors and IGV position
- 50% - 20% reduction obtained by also extracting CO₂ from the loop



Further Highlights 2 of 3

Two Phase Restart

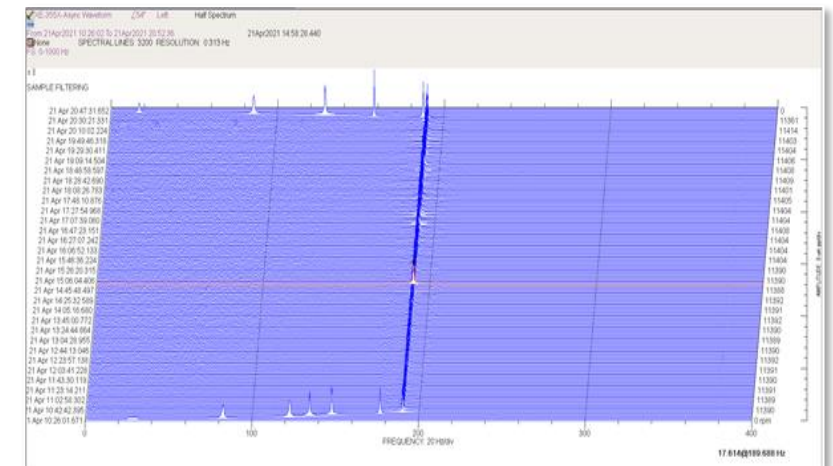
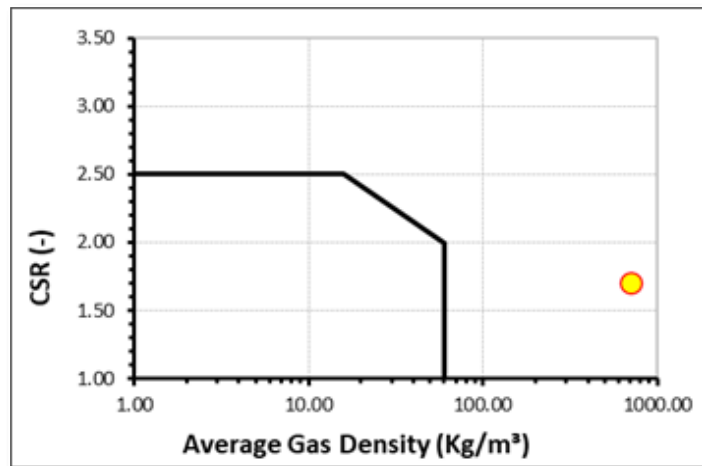
- In some cases of pressurized stops, a transition to two-phase region may happen
- No significant variations were measured in absorbed power during phase transitions
- Slight vibrations in the initial phase; started diminishing when suction conditions were still within the dome



Further Highlights 3 of 3

Rotordynamics

- Tilting pad JB, with Integral Squeeze Film Damper (ISFD) to improve the damping capability
- Pocket damper seal at balance piston has been installed, in particular to increase the stability in case of phase change in such region
- First three modes are critically damped with low amplification factors
- Spectrum is very clean; no other frequencies except the 1X rev



Concluding Remarks

Lesson Learned from sCO2 programs

	Compressor	Expander
2023	TRL6	TRL3
2026	TRL7	TRL7

Highlights & Benefits

- ✓ **Developed fluid simulation/characterization capability**
 - ✓ Performance prediction around critical point **validated** via sCO2 Flex compressor test
- ✓ **Operation**
 - ✓ Proven operation of centrifugal compressor in dense phase fluid with density close to 700 kg/m³
 - ✓ **Two-Phase restart**
- ✓ **Critical T near ambient temperature**
 - ✓ Advantages for loop **components**
- ✓ **High vapor density**
 - ✓ **Reduced machinery footprints**
- ✓ **Inert fluid with stability at high temperature**
 - ✓ **Safe** deployability with different heat sources (Nuclear, Fossil, CSP, Waste Heat)
- ✓ **Only alternative to Steam Rankine Cycle for high T applications**
 - ✓ Theoretically higher efficiency, no water needed

Lesson Learned from sCO₂ programs

Design Guidelines

✓ Impeller design

- ✓ Post-poned, **delay two-phase flow region**
- ✓ Upper limit to **impeller loading**; according to thermodynamic and service conditions, split pressure ratio in more stages

✓ Statoric components

- ✓ Flow control to avoid condensation

✓ Internal leakages

- ✓ Particular care due to small size of the compressors

Lesson Learned from sCO₂ programs

Challenges

✓ High Inlet/Outlet P & T

- ✓ up to 250 bar and 700°C at inlet and ≈ 70–120 bar at exhaust >> high plant rating >> high CAPEX/weight

✓ Efficiency highly affected by heat source T

- ✓ sCO₂ limited for applications T > 400–450°C

✓ DGS and cooling system

- ✓ DGS + reinjection system necessary to minimize leakages from turbomachinery >> dedicated cooling system (design T 200°C) + site storage/inventory >> additional complexity/CAPEX

✓ Heat transfer coefficient:

- ✓ very high thermal stress on hot components

✓ Material selection of process components

- ✓ corrosion due to high T (CO₂ and mixtures) and high density >> nickel-based alloy or martensitic steel characterization >> limited supply chain/high CAPEX/long lead times

✓ Compressor Control/Operability

- ✓ Operation close to CP leads to relevant change in thermodynamic properties for slight variations in temperature

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