

A Methodology to Identify the Most Promising **Concentrating Solar Power Layouts to be** Integrated with Supercritical CO₂ Power Cycles



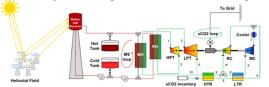


Salvatore Guccione, Silvia Trevisan, Rafael Guedez KTH Royal Institute of Technology Stockholm, Sweden

Introduction

The integration of compact and high-efficient sCO₂ power blocks has been identified as one of the key alternatives for enhancing the economic viability, and the flexibility of CSP plants.

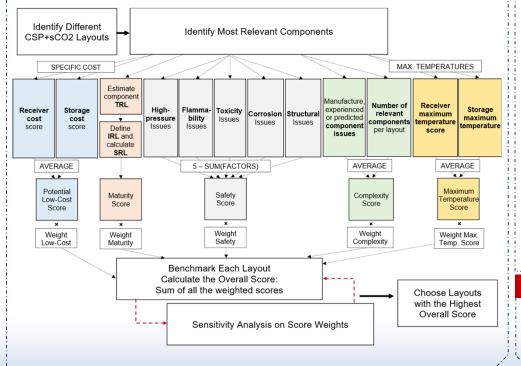
This work introduces a novel methodology to identify and select the most promising CSP plant configurations that can be integrated with sCO2 power blocks.

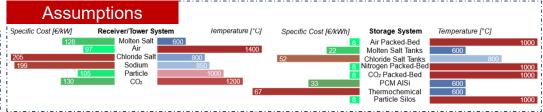


Several sCO2 - CSP connection layouts have been compared focusing on the following subsystems:

- · Receiver/Tower Subsystem
- Thermal Energy Storage (TES)

Methodology

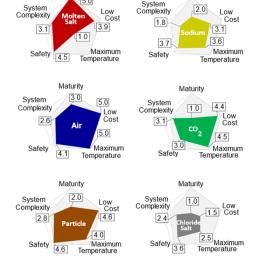




Results

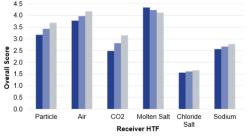
Maturity

Intermediate scores of the layouts investigated classified by the receiver HTF

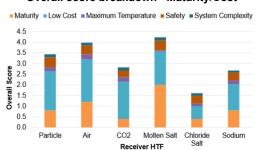




Sensitivity Analysis of the score weights



Overall score breakdown - Maturity/Cost



Conclusions

- Molten salt: best for maturity → first step towards a new generation of CSP plants
- Air/Particle: best for cost and temperature → can enhance the economic competitiveness of CSP plants thanks to their lower costs and better energy performances.
- Techno-economic models will be implemented for the most promising layouts here defined.